

# Data Center Briefing

April 27, 2026

Global

## Key themes:

Karnataka i-governance uses agentic AI across citizen services; Karnataka revises Data Centre Policy 2022-27 for sustainability; ISSB opts for non-mandatory nature reporting practice statement; GM hits 100% renewable electricity in the U.S.

Karnataka just gave a pretty clear preview of what “AI-first government” looks like when it’s tied directly to data infrastructure. The state says it’s moving to “i-governance,” using real-time data, automation, and agentic AI across citizen services — while simultaneously tightening its Data Centre Policy for sustainability. If you’re investing in capacity (or the grid behind it), the interesting part is how fast public-sector digitisation is becoming a demand signal, not just a talking point.

## The Big Stories

[Karnataka pushes AI-led i-governance and sustainable data centres](#) is more than a policy headline: the state is explicitly shifting to “i-governance,” with real-time data and automation as the operating model and agentic AI systems embedded across citizen services. Karnataka is also setting up a committee on responsible AI, with a framework expected within months. The takeaway is that governance, data flows, and compute are being designed together — which tends to accelerate procurement, platform standardisation, and (eventually) the need for resilient, local data centre capacity.

Karnataka says it’s revising its Data Centre Policy 2022-27 to put “stronger sustainability” at the centre of future buildout. That matters because sustainability language is increasingly becoming a gating item for approvals,

incentives, and site selection — not just a marketing overlay. If the revision hardens into measurable requirements, it will shape who can build quickly and who gets slowed down by design changes and compliance work.

The state also increased deeptech grants from ₹50 Lakh to ₹1 Cr. On its own, that's not going to finance infrastructure — but it does signal a deliberate attempt to thicken the local ecosystem that feeds AI adoption (tools, startups, integration partners). The more these ecosystems mature, the more predictable demand becomes for data-intensive public services, and the less “speculative” the compute story looks.

Karnataka additionally reported interest from firms like Anthropic and Mistral AI. Even without specific commitments disclosed, that's a notable data point: frontier-model companies tend to show up where there's a credible mix of talent, institutional users, and policy attention. If that interest converts into partnerships, pilots, or local presence, it would pull the data centre conversation from generic “AI readiness” toward concrete workloads and timelines.

## Behind the Headlines

The week's ESG signals were unusually relevant to data centres because they point in two directions at once: more disclosure pressure from investors and courts, but also more “guidance” than hard rules from standard-setters. In the [Weekly ESG roundup: ISSB, bp revolt, Shell lawsuit, GM milestone](#), the ISSB (IFRS Foundation) decided to develop non-mandatory nature-related reporting requirements, with staff recommending a practice statement rather than a standalone standard. For operators and investors, that suggests nature metrics are coming into the mainstream reporting toolkit — but with enough flexibility to create comparability headaches across portfolios.

Shareholder and legal pressure is still tightening the screws on climate disclosure. The same roundup notes bp shareholders defeated a disclosure-limiting resolution, while Shell faces a new climate lawsuit. Data centres sit in the blast radius of this trend: as power procurement, water use, and land impacts get scrutinised, the “license to grow” increasingly depends on whether reporting looks credible under hostile questioning — not just whether it exists.

On the operational side, GM reaching 100% renewable electricity in the U.S. is a reminder that large buyers are normalising high-renewables claims across big footprints — and that raises the bar for everyone else’s narratives. The roundup also flags Watershed launching AI agents for messy sustainability data, which is telling: the bottleneck is no longer ambition, it’s turning scattered utility bills, contracts, and meter data into audit-ready reporting. Add in the capital raises mentioned (including X-Energy over \$1 billion, plus funding for multiple energy-focused firms), and you can see where this is heading: more money chasing new supply and better reporting plumbing at the same time.

The logo for Telborg, featuring the word "TELBO●RG" in a yellow-green color with a small green circle between the "O" and "R".